

Code of Professional Responsibility

PREAMBLE

In fulfilling the role of a women's gymnastics judge, the individual judge assumes a role that requires the performance of many difficult tasks not all of which can be foreseen. It is the purpose of the Code of Professional Responsibility to provide the fundamental ethical principles which are always present to guide the judges so as to insure, as best it can be insured, that the judge's conduct will be such as will be responsible and promote respect for the dignity not only of the judge but also for the Association of which she/he is a part. The Code of Professional Responsibility is intended to provide standards by which to judge one charged with being a transgressor of the Code and to provide the procedures whereby the Association and the judge may be dealt with in a fair and just manner. The fulfillment of the role of a women's gymnastic judge who is a part of the National Association of Women's Gymnastic Judges requires an understanding by the individual judge of her/his relationship with and function in a well ordered and justly administered system of judging women's gymnastics events and it is this which creates and give rise to the consequent or resultant obligation on the part of the individual judge to maintain the highest standards of ethical conduct and personal and professional integrity at all times.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This Code of Professional Responsibility consists of three but interrelated parts: Canons, Disciplinary Rules and Disciplinary Action. The Canons express in general terms the conduct expected of women's gymnastic judges in their relationship with the public, with the Association and with the profession of judging in general; the Canons embody the general concepts from which the ethical consideration and disciplinary rules are derived. The Disciplinary Rules are mandatory and set forth the minimum level of conduct below which no judge who is a member of the Association can fall and will be uniformly applied to all members. Permeating both the Canons and the Disciplinary Rules are matters of ethics which represent the objective toward which every member of the Association should strive.

CANONS

- CANON 1: A judge should assist in maintaining the integrity and competence of the profession of judging women's gymnastic events.
- CANON 2: A judge should assist the Association in fulfilling its duty of making judges available for women's gymnastic events.
- CANON 3: A judge should assist in improving the system of judging women's gymnastic events.
- CANON 4: A judge should avoid even the appearance of professional impropriety.
- CANON 5: A Judge should be well qualified in gymnastics, know the rules and be thoroughly prepared for each assignment. Each team, meet contestant and participant, as well as the spectators, are entitled to the official's best efforts to administer the rules of the sport.
- CANON 6: A judge should prepare for each judging assignment and should, through study and clinics, keep her/his judging knowledge current.

- CANON 7: A judge should fulfill all assignments accepted and be punctual. A judge should also attend all judging and other meetings which are intended to promote a well ordered and conducted meet or event.
- CANON 8: A judge should be alert at all times, quickly yet accurately produce her/his scores and have a basis for the scores derived and prepared. If a legitimate need should arise, the judge should explain and support such scores by working through conferences and dealing with inquiries in a dignified, professional manner.
- CANON 9: A judge should not solicit meets for herself/himself or for others.
- CANON 10: A judge shall be completely unbiased. A judge should not give any appearance, especially at a meet, of any particular friendship with any coach or competitor. Also, a judge should decline any assignment in which affiliation with a team or individuals would tend to influence the judge's ability to be fair and objective.
- CANON 11: A judge should treat gymnasts, coaches, judges, promoters and spectators with respect. A judge should respect their privacy, property and feelings, and should not do anything that would embarrass or offend such person. There will be no tolerance for any discrimination related to race, gender, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, gender identification, gender identification, religion, or age. *Revised 7/2019*
- CANON 12: A judge should at all times both look and act professionally. A judge should maintain a neat and well-groomed appearance when judging. He/she should wear the uniform of the Association (except where other dress is permitted).
- CANON 13: A judge should not be overly officious. She/he should not criticize other officials or attempt to explain other officials' judgments.
- CANON 14: A judge should confine her/his duties to the purposes of judging; i.e., coaching or meet directing are not included in a judge's responsibilities.
- CANON 15: A judge should never consume alcoholic beverages or drugs prior to a judging assignment where such consumption is evident by odor, conduct or appearance.
- CANON 16: A judge should exercise good judgment when using social networking media (Facebook, Twitter, blogs, texting, e-mail, etc.) i.e. avoid communicating with coaches or gymnasts during, before or after a competition; or refrain from making inappropriate statements about fellow judges, coaches, gymnasts, clubs or parents.
- Canon 17: Judges may not participate in any wagering activities involving amateur, collegiate or professional gymnastics, nor can they provide any information to individuals involved in any type of gymnastics wagering activities.

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DISCIPLINARY RULES

- *RULE 1:* A judge who is a member of this Association shall not:
 - (a) Violate a disciplinary rule,
 - (b) Circumvent a disciplinary rule through actions of another,
 - (c) Engage in illegal conduct involving moral turpitude,
 - (d) Engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit or misrepresentation,
 - (e) Engage in conduct prejudicial to the judging of women's gymnastic events,
 - (f) Engage in any other conduct that adversely reflects on her/his fitness to engage in the profession of judging women's gymnastic events.
- *RULE 2:* A judge who is a member of this Association shall report any knowledge she/he has of a violation of Rule 1 by any other judge or member to her Association, such report to made to the National Judging Director and every effort shall be made by the reporting party to keep such report and the content thereof confidential to all other except the National Judging Director unless and until called upon by the Association to make the content thereof known to others.
- *RULE 3:* A judge who possesses knowledge or evidence concerning another judge or member of this Association shall reveal such knowledge or evidence upon proper request of one having authority from the Association to investigate or act upon the conduct of such judge.
- *RULE 4:* A judge shall not accept any compensation, remuneration or consideration in connection with her/his fulfilling her contract to judge an event other than that which is the paid or otherwise accorded her by the Association or otherwise sanctioned by the Association.
- *RULE 5:* A judge shall not suffer or permit or allow anything to influence or otherwise affect or to give the appearance of affecting or having affected her/his judgment in rendering a fair and impartial and otherwise honest judgment.
- *RULE 6:* A judge shall not accept anything of value from any person whether the judge knows or reasonably should know that the offer is for the purpose of influencing her/his actions as a women's gymnastics judge.
- *RULE 7:* A judge shall not use her/his position as such to endeavor to influence or attempt to influence anyone in any manner whatsoever, or to obtain any special advantage for herself/himself by reason of or as consequence of her/his being a judge.
- *RULE 8:* A judge shall not knowingly make a false statement concerning any fellow judge or other person having involvement whatsoever in any meet or event in which this Association is in any way involved or interested.
- *RULE 9:* A judge shall not engage in any conduct which gives even an appearance of impropriety.
- *RULE 10:* A judge who has accepted employment and has contracted for such with this Association and who later cannot for valid and substantial reasons perform that contract shall make every reasonable effort to replace herself/himself with a judge of equal rating and ability and shall undertake to do so at the earliest possible time.
- *RULE 11:* A judge shall not engage in any conduct which results in or tends to result in an event or meet being seriously interrupted and/or compromised or terminating prematurely or terminating in discord, but, instead, shall endeavor to see to and participate in the event or meet to its regular and orderly completion without interruption or delay or discord and shall look in the first instance to the Association for resolution of any disagreements,

improprieties, impositions, contract disputes, monetary losses or disagreements or kindred matters thereto pertaining all to the end that the judge will neither interject herself/himself into argument, debate or other acrimonious exchanges or remove herself/himself from or withdraw from further participation, none of which will promote or otherwise further the conducting of a successful event or meet.

- *RULE 12:* A judge shall not purport to undertake to speak for or in the name of the Association to the press or other media or any other person or entity without first having requested and received from the Association express prior permission and approval so to speak.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

A judge who violates any of the foregoing Canons or Disciplinary Rules is subject to disciplinary action by the Association, which action, if undertaken, shall be undertaken in the following manner:

A. REPORTING A VIOLATION - GRIEVANCE: A party desiring to report a violation of this Code by a member of this Association to this Association shall do so by certified letter addressed to the State Judging Director for the State in which the violation is alleged to have occurred. Such a report shall be deemed to be and shall be referred to as a "grievance" and shall state in detail the nature of the violation of which complaint is made and the details and circumstances of its occurrence.

B. PROBLEM RESOLUTION PROCESS - PROCEDURE: NAWGJ Board Approval July 9, 2019

These guidelines are designed to provide fair and equitable resolution of complaints regarding the professional conduct of judges. All NAWGJ members are expected to conduct themselves in a professional manner and to adhere to the NAWGJ Canons. Judges who engage in unprofessional behavior or who violate any of the NAWGJ Canons may be subject to disciplinary action. The level of disciplinary action will be based on the gravity of the violation, the number of previous violations, and the mitigating or extenuating factors and circumstances bearing upon the infraction.

The purpose of the guidelines is to: (1) resolve issues in a manner that is instructive to the affected judge and (2) prevent the re-occurrence of a violation so as to maintain the integrity of the judging profession. The guidelines are designed to address issues involving NAWGJ members while they are performing duties as judges or performing other activities that may reflect on their professionalism as judges as representatives of NAWGJ.

The intent of these procedures is to resolve problems related to professional conduct at the state level whenever possible, i.e., the SJD or State Governing Board. In the event that the matter cannot be resolved at the state level, the affected judge may utilize these procedures to appeal the decision or the disciplinary action. The term "affected judge" refers to the NAWGJ member who is the subject of a complaint based on a Canon violation or unprofessional conduct.

The term "State Judging Director" or "SJD" may refer to the SJD or to the SGB member designated as ethics/professional chair. Throughout these procedures, 15 calendar days is allowed to complete each step of the process. This timeframe may be adjusted by the SJD at Level One and Two, the RJD at Level Three, and the President at Level Four if needed to accommodate special circumstances. However, the process should continue in as timely a manner as possible.

This document is not intended to address situations involving suspected child abuse. In such cases, state and federal laws take priority over the NAWGJ Problem Resolution process after which NAWGJ may use this process and apply the appropriate disciplinary actions.

Level One: Reporting Procedures

1. A party desiring to report a potential violation of the NAWGJ Canon or other unprofessional behavior must communicate this information to the State Judging Director in writing by email or postal mail. When a potential violation is reported, the SJD is responsible for reviewing the allegation and attempting to resolve the issue. Within 15 days of receiving the complaint, the SJD must consult with the judge accused of the violation to describe and discuss the concern. The SJD may consult with the reporting party and others who may have witnessed or have knowledge of the alleged violation. The SJD will listen to the judge's account of the situation and give the judge the opportunity to provide information regarding the concern.
2. Depending on the information received from the judge, the SJD may end the complaint process by clarifying any misunderstandings/misperceptions with the reporting party thus ending the complaint process. Both parties must be notified that the situation has been resolved without need of further action.
3. If the complaint is thought to have merit or to need further action (i.e., it is not the result of a misunderstanding or misperception by the reporting party), the SJD shall convene a meeting (in person or by phone or teleconference) of the judge and the reporting party within 15 days to seek resolution. The SJD will be the moderator of the meeting.
4. Depending on the outcome of the meeting, the SJD shall make a determination that no further action is needed or that a letter of counsel or letter of reprimand should be issued to the affected judge within 15 days of the meeting.

A letter of counsel is an advisory letter notifying the affected judge of a behavior that should be modified to avoid the appearance of or actual misconduct or unprofessional activity.

A letter of reprimand includes a specific disciplinary consequence associated with a finding of misconduct or unprofessional activity. Examples of disciplinary actions are provided in Section C.

5. The letter must include a description of the violation that occurred, the NAWGJ Canon that was violated if applicable, the disciplinary action that will be applied if any, and notification of the judge's right to appeal the outcome. A URL link to the NAWGJ Code of Professional Responsibility and Disciplinary Procedures must be included in the letter. The letter must be sent by registered or certified mail to the affected judge, return receipt requested, with delivery restricted to the addressee only. The envelope in which the letter is transmitted shall be plainly marked "Personal and Confidential."
6. The SJD shall keep a copy of the correspondence in the judge's file for a period of seven years and shall give all files to the new SJD so that comprehensive records may be maintained.

Level Two: Appeal Procedure

1. The affected judge may appeal a disciplinary action by sending a written request to the SJD within 15 days of receipt of a Letter of Reprimand. The request for an appeals hearing may be sent by email (or postal mail) to the SJD who will send an acknowledgement of receipt to the affected judge via email. The affected judge is responsible for contacting the SJD to ensure the appeals request was received if notification is not received. The request for an appeals hearing must clearly specify the purpose of the appeal, state what is being appealed, i.e., the violation itself, the disciplinary action, or both, and indicate what remedy is sought.
2. Within 15 days of receiving the written request to appeal, the State Judging Director shall convene an appeals panel comprised of three members of the State Governing Board (SGB Appeals Panel). If the violation occurred in a state outside the state of NAWGJ membership of the affected judge, the SJD (or designee) of the state in which the violation occurred will be included as one of the three panel members. In the event the State Governing Board does not have three members to serve on the Appeals Panel, the SJD will consult with the RJD to identify members from other State Governing Boards in the region.
3. A date, time and place shall be determined to hear the appeal by the SJD. The affected judge shall be informed and advised in writing of the date, time and location of the hearing and the composition of the appeals panel. The affected judge shall be accorded a reasonable opportunity to appear personally (or via conference call or electronic platform) before the panel, may elect to present testimony, and may submit other information/materials in defense of the charge or the rationale for adjusting the disciplinary action stated in the Letter of Reprimand. The SJD shall also submit any materials relevant to the situation that resulted in the Letter of Reprimand and may participate in the hearing to discuss the situation.
4. The reporting party shall have the option to attend the appeals hearing (in person or via conference call or electronic platform) but shall not be required to do so.
5. The SGB appeals panel shall, within 15 days of receipt of the request for a hearing, select a chair of the panel who will coordinate the hearing, review the materials presented, and render the panel's decision regarding the appeal. The SJD, the affected judge, and the reporting party may not be present while the SGB panel deliberates and determines its finding.
6. If a majority of the panel finds no reason to adjust the outcome of the Level One proceeding, the panel shall notify the affected judge and SJD that no further action will be taken. The panel shall record its findings in written form and shall transmit a copy of its findings to the affected judge, the SJD, and to the NAWGJ National President for inclusion in the official records of this Association. The record must include a description of the procedures used by the SGB panel.
7. If a majority of the SGB panel finds the appeal to have merit and adjusts the Level One outcome, the rationale for the finding must be described, the adjusted outcome must be clearly stated, and the procedures used by the SGB Panel to review the case must be described. A report of the panel's findings shall be provided to the affected judge, the SJD, and to the National NAWGJ President. A copy of the report must be maintained by the SJD in the judge's file for a period of seven years.
8. The affected judge shall have the right to appeal the findings of the SGB Panel if, and only if, the finding and judgment made by the panel was not unanimous.

Level Three: Regional Review Panel Procedures

1. The affected judge may appeal the findings/judgment of the SGB Panel by submitting a written request to appeal within 15 days to the Regional Judging Director of the region in which the affected judge is a registered NAWGJ member.
2. Within 15 days of receiving the request for a regional review, the Regional Judging Director shall select two SJDs and one RJD to comprise an RJD Review Panel. The SJD who issued the letter of counsel shall not be a member of the RJD Appeals Panel. If the violation occurred in a state/region other than the state of membership of the affected judge, a representative from that state or region will be included as one of the three panel members. During this same 15 day time period, the SJD shall send the RJD a copy of the record of the proceedings and all relevant materials reviewed by the SJD and SGB Appeals Panel. The RJD will send these materials to the panel members within 15 days of receipt from the SJD.
3. The RJD Review Panel will review the record and materials presented to the SGB Appeals Panel (including materials from the affected judge, the SJD, and the reporting party). The RJD Review Panel may request additional information from any party but must inform the affected judge and the SJD of such request, and must provide them with copies of the information received. Both the affected judge and the SJD may provide a written response to the additional materials received by the RJD Review Panel. The affected judge, SJD, SGB members and reporting party may not attend or participate in the RJD Review meeting.
4. Within 15 days of receiving the materials from the RJD, the RJD Panel shall report its decision to sustain, reverse, or revise the findings and judgment of the SGB Panel. The decision of the RJD Review Panel shall be sent to the affected judge, to the SJD of the state of the affected judge's membership, and to the NAWGJ National President for inclusion in the Association records. If the violation occurred outside the state of membership of the affected judge, the report will also be sent to the SJD of the state in which the violation occurred.
5. A copy of the report must be maintained by the SJD(s) and RJD for a period of seven years.

Level Four: National Review

If the Regional Review Panel's decision is not unanimous, the affected judge may request a review by the NAWGJ National Board.

1. If the affected judge wishes to have the decision of the Regional Panel reviewed by the National Board, he/she must submit a written request to the NAWGJ President within 15 days after receiving a copy of the findings of the RJD Panel. The request must clearly specify the purpose of the request, state the area being requested for review, i.e., the violation itself, the disciplinary action, or both, and indicate what remedy is sought.
2. Within 15 days of receiving the request, the National President will appoint a National Review Panel consisting of three National Governing Board members. During this same time period, the RJD who convened the RJD Panel shall transmit all prior materials (including materials from the affected judge, the SJD, and the reporting party) to the NAWGJ National President who will in turn provide the materials to the National Review Panel.

3. The National Review Panel will base its recommendation on a review of all materials submitted by the RJD. The affected judge, SJD, SGB, RJD Review Panel, and reporting party may not attend or participate in the National Review meeting. The National President may be present during the deliberations but shall refrain from providing input. The National Review Panel shall complete its review of the materials and make a recommendation to the President within 15 days of receipt of the materials from the President.
4. The President will review the recommendation of the National Review Panel and make the final decision on behalf of the Association.
5. A copy of the report must be maintained by President for a period of seven years.

In the event that the affected judge is a State Judging Director, a Regional Judging Director, or a National Officer (other than the National President), then the NAWGJ National President shall designate an appropriate replacement to act as part of the relevant panel for purposes of the appeal or review.

If the affected judge is the NAWGJ National President, then the Vice President shall take the place of the President in all communications and deliberations.

C. –DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

In determining the disciplinary action to be applied, consideration should be given to the relative gravity of the misconduct, the number of previous offenses or infractions by the aggrieved party, if any, and the mitigating or extenuating factors and circumstances bearing upon the infraction. The following list provides examples of disciplinary actions that may be considered. The list is not prescriptive or comprehensive and other actions may be applied that are considered appropriate for the behavior in question.

- Formal apology by affected judge to the reporting party and/or others affected by the behavior
- Letter of counsel
- Letter of reprimand (with specific disciplinary action stated)
- Development of a professional improvement plan (focus on education and/or professional behaviors)
- Assignment of a professional mentor
- Professional training in the area of concern, e.g., Interpersonal skills, anger management, cultural/diversity education, professional conduct
- Loss of contract assignment by NAWGJ either as a judge or in a particular judging role (e.g., Chief Judge, Meet Referee) for up to two years
- Expulsion from the Association for a fixed period of time not to exceed five years;
- Permanent expulsion from the Association.

The penalties shall be effective fifteen (15) days from the date of communication of same to the affected judge. However, the initiation of an appeal or regional/national review as herein described, if submitted within the specified timeframe, may postpone the imposition of the penalty pending the conclusion of the process.